

Choose the Correct Answer:

1. $(-1)^8 + (-1)^9 = \dots\dots\dots$ (zero or -1 or 1 or 2)
2. The circumference of the circle = $\dots\dots\dots \times \pi$
(r or $2r$ or r^2 or $r+2$)
3. $\frac{2^3 \times 2^5}{2^2} = \dots\dots\dots$
4. $2^5 \times 2^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2^7 or 4^7 or 1)
5. The surface area of a circle = $\pi \times \dots\dots\dots$ (r or r^2 or $2r$)
6. $(-5)^2 \times (2)^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (10^0 or 10 or $(10)^2$ or $(10)^3$)
7. The sum of edge lengths of a cube is 84 cm. , then its lateral area equals $\dots\dots\dots$ cm²
8. $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, 1 , $\frac{4}{3}$, $\dots\dots\dots$, $\dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)
9. The surface area of the circle = $\dots\dots\dots$
(πr or πr^2 or $2\pi r$ or $2\pi r^2$)
10. If the lateral area of a cube is 36 cm² , then its total area = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm²
(144 or 81 or 54 or 96)
11. $(-1)^3 + 2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (3 or -1 or -3 or 1)
12. 1 , 4 , 7 , 10 , $\dots\dots\dots$, $\dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)
13. A cuboid its lateral area 120 cm² and the perimeter of its base 20 cm. , then its height = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm.
14. $\frac{8^3 \times 8^4}{8^7} = \dots\dots\dots$
15. $5^2 \times 2^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (5^4 or 2^4 or 10^2 or 10^4)
16. $\{(-1)^{\text{zero}} , (\text{zero})^2\} \dots\dots\dots \mathbb{Z}$ (\in or \notin or \subset or $\not\subset$)
17. $(5)^{\text{zero}} = \dots\dots\dots$ (zero or 5 or 1 or 50)
18. The sum of edge lengths of a cube is 96 cm. , then its lateral area = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm²
19. 25 , 21 , 17 , 13 , $\dots\dots\dots$, $\dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)

20. $(-1)^2 - 1 = \dots\dots\dots$
21. $3^5 \div 3^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (3^7 or 3^{10} or 3^3 or 3^2)
22. $9^2 \dots\dots\dots (-3)^4$ ($>$ or $<$ or $=$ or \geq)
23. A circle is of diameter length 10 cm. , then its area = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm²
(50 or 100 or 78.5 or 25)
24. $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{12}$, $\frac{1}{24}$, $\dots\dots\dots$, $\dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)
25. $(-100)^{\text{zero}} = \dots\dots\dots$ (-100 or 100 or zero or 1)
26. The lateral area of the cube = area of one face $\times \dots\dots\dots$
(6 or 5 or 4 or 3)
27. $9^7 \div 9^5 = \dots\dots\dots$ (9^{-12} or 9^2 or 9^{zero} or 9^{35})
28. The next number in the pattern : 2 , 3 , 5 , 8 , 13 is $\dots\dots\dots$
(18 or 19 or 20 or 21)
29. A circle of diameter length 8 cm. , then its area = $\dots\dots\dots$ π cm²
(4 or 8 or 16 or 64)
30. $(-19)^0 + (19)^0 = \dots\dots\dots$ (-1 or zero or 1 or 2)
31. The height of the cuboid whose lateral area is 160 cm² and the dimensions of its base are 3 cm. and 7 cm. equals $\dots\dots\dots$ cm.
(6 or 8 or 10 or 16)
32. A cube the perimeter of its base is 36 cm. , then its lateral area = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm²
(9 or 324 or 36 or 486)
33. $(-1)^{104} + (-1)^{103} = \dots\dots\dots$ (0 or 2 or -1 or 1)
34. $3^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2^6 or 4^6 or 3^3 or 2^9)
35. The lateral area of the cuboid whose length is 6 cm. and width is 4 cm. and its height is 5 cm. equals $\dots\dots\dots$
36. A circle of diameter length 14 cm. , then its area = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm² ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
37. If $a = 3$, $b = -2$, then $3 a b = \dots\dots\dots$
38. $-9^3 \dots\dots\dots (-3)^2$ ($<$ or $=$ or $>$ or \geq)

39. The L.S.A. of the cuboid whose dimensions are 3 cm. , 4 cm. and 0.6 dm. is
(72 cm² or 8.4 dm² or 84 dm² or 84 cm²)
40. Half the T.S.A. of a cube whose sum of its edge lengths is 36 cm. is cm²
(108 or 27 or 54 or 18)
41. The ratio between the T.S.A. and L.S.A. of the cube is
42. $(-1)^{12} + (-1)^{13} = \dots\dots\dots$ (0 or 1 or 2 or -1)
43. $5 \times 5^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (25² or 25³ or 5² or 5³)
44. A circle , its circumference is 44 cm. , then the length of its radius = cm. ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
(22 or 11 or 7 or 14)
45. A cube of edge length 6 cm. , then its lateral area = cm²
(216 or 180 or 144 or 108)
46. The lateral area of the cube = Area of one face \times
(2 or 4 or 6 or height)
47. $\frac{(-5)^3 \times (-5)^2}{(-5)^4}$
48. $(-1)^2 \times 2^3 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2⁵ or 8 or -8 or -2⁵)
49. The lateral area of a cube whose side length is 3 cm. = cm²
(27 or 48 or 36 or 54)
50. $2^6 \times 2^4 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2² or 2¹² or 2¹⁰ or 2²⁴)
51. $3^7 + 3^7 = \dots\dots\dots$
52. A circle , its diameter length is 14 cm. , then its area = cm² ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
53. A cuboid whose length is 9 cm. , width is 7 cm. and its height is 10 cm. , then its lateral area =
54. If the radius length of a circle is 10 cm. , then its surface area = cm²
(Given that : $\pi = 3.14$) (3.14 or 31.4 or 314 or 3140)
55. If the edge length of a cube is 6 cm. , then its total area = cm²
(24 or 36 or 144 or 216)
56. $(3)^7 + (3)^4 = \dots\dots\dots$ ((3)³ or (3)⁵ or (3)¹¹ or (3)²)
57. If the area of one face of a cube equal 9 cm² , then its total area = cm²

58. The perimeter of one face of a cube is 12 cm. , then its total area = cm²
59. $(-5)^2 \times (2)^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (10^0 or 10 or 10^2 or 10^3)
60. $27 \div (-3)^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (-9 or 24 or 3 or 81)
61. $(-6)^2 \dots\dots\dots - 12$ (> or = or < or \leq)
62. A circle , its diameter length is 20 cm. , then its area = cm². ($\pi = 3.14$)
(31.4 or 314 or 23.14 or 43.14)
63. $2 - (-3)^0 = \dots\dots\dots$ (5 or 3 or 1 or 2)
64. The sum of edge lengths of a cube is 24 cm. , then T.S.A. = cm²
(16 or 36 or 4 or 24)
65. The additive inverse of $(-3)^2$ is (9 or 3 or -3 or -9)
66. If the total area of the cube = 54 cm² , then the area of one face = cm²
(4 or 5 or 8 or 9)
67. The total area of the cube = Area of one face \times
(2 or 4 or 6 or 8)
68. $2^5 \times 2^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2^7 or 2^4 or 2^3 or 1)
69. A circle , its radius length is 4 cm. , then its area = π cm²
(4 or 8 or 12 or 16)
70. $(-1)^8 + (-1)^9 + (-1)^{\text{zero}} = \dots\dots\dots$ (zero or -1 or 1 or 2)
71. The height of a cuboid whose lateral area is 160 cm² and dimensions of its base are 7 cm. and 3 cm. = cm.
72. The lateral area of a cuboid of length 3 cm. , width 2 cm. and height 4 cm. = cm²
(20 or 24 or 40 or 52)
73. A cube of edge length 6 cm. , then its total area = cm²
(36 or 72 or 144 or 216)
74. The perimeter of the base of the cuboid is 10 cm. , its height is 4 cm. , then its lateral area = cm²
75. The total surface area of a cuboid = 100 cm² and area of one base 20 cm² , then its lateral surface area = cm². (40 or 60 or 80 or 140)
76. The lateral area of a cuboid of length 3 cm. , width 2 cm. and height 4 cm. = cm²

Choose the Correct Answer:

1. $(-1)^8 + (-1)^9 = \dots\dots\dots$ (**zero** or -1 or 1 or 2)
2. The circumference of the circle = $\dots\dots\dots \times \pi$
(r or **$2r$** or r^2 or $r+2$)
3. $\frac{2^3 \times 2^5}{2^2} = \dots\dots\dots$ **2^6**
4. $2^5 \times 2^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (**2^7** or 4^7 or 1)
5. The surface area of a circle = $\pi \times \dots\dots\dots$ (r or **r^2** or $2r$)
6. $(-5)^2 \times (2)^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (10^0 or 10 or **$(10)^2$** or $(10)^3$)
7. The sum of edge lengths of a cube is 84 cm. , then its lateral area equals **196** cm^2
8. $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, \dots\dots\dots, \dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)
 $\frac{5}{3}$, **2**
9. The surface area of the circle = $\dots\dots\dots$
(πr or **πr^2** or $2\pi r$ or $2\pi r^2$)
10. If the lateral area of a cube is 36 cm^2 , then its total area = $\dots\dots\dots \text{ cm}^2$
(144 or 81 or **54** or 96)
11. $(-1)^3 + 2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (3 or -1 or -3 or **1**)
12. $1, 4, 7, 10, \dots\dots\dots, \dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)
 13 , **16**
13. A cuboid its lateral area 120 cm^2 and the perimeter of its base 20 cm. , then its height = $\dots\dots\dots$ **6** cm.
14. $\frac{8^3 \times 8^4}{8^7} = \dots\dots\dots$ **$3^0 = 1$**
15. $5^2 \times 2^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (5^4 or 2^4 or **10^2** or 10^4)
16. $\{(-1)^{\text{zero}}, (\text{zero})^2\} \dots\dots\dots \mathbb{Z}$ (\in or \notin or **\subset** or $\not\subset$)
17. $(5)^{\text{zero}} = \dots\dots\dots$ (zero or 5 or **1** or 50)
18. The sum of edge lengths of a cube is 96 cm. , then its lateral area = **256** cm^2
19. $25, 21, 17, 13, \dots\dots\dots, \dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)
 9 , **5**

20. $(-1)^2 - 1 = \dots\dots\dots$ **0**
21. $3^5 \div 3^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (3^7 or 3^{10} or 3^3 or **3^3**)
22. $9^2 \dots\dots\dots (-3)^4$ ($>$ or $<$ or **$=$** or \geq)
23. A circle is of diameter length 10 cm. , then its area = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm²
(50 or 100 or **78.5** or 25)
24. $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{24}, \dots\dots\dots \frac{1}{48} \dots\dots\dots \frac{1}{96} \dots\dots\dots$ (in the same pattern)
25. $(-100)^{\text{zero}} = \dots\dots\dots$ (-100 or 100 or zero or **1**)
26. The lateral area of the cube = area of one face $\times \dots\dots\dots$
(6 or 5 or **4** or 3)
27. $9^7 \div 9^5 = \dots\dots\dots$ (9^{-12} or **9^2** or 9^{zero} or 9^{35})
28. The next number in the pattern : 2 , 3 , 5 , 8 , 13 is $\dots\dots\dots$
(**18** or 19 or 20 or 21)
29. A circle of diameter length ⁴8 cm. , then its area = $\dots\dots\dots$ π cm²
(4 or 8 or **16** or 64)
30. $(-19)^0 + (19)^0 = \dots\dots\dots$ (-1 or zero or 1 or **2**)
31. The height of the cuboid whose lateral area is 160 cm² and the dimensions of its base are 3 cm. and 7 cm. equals $\dots\dots\dots$ cm.
(6 or **8** or 10 or 16)
32. A cube the perimeter of its base is 36 cm. , then its lateral area = $\dots\dots\dots$ cm²
(9 or **324** or 36 or 486)
33. $(-1)^{104} + (-1)^{103} = \dots\dots\dots$ (**0** or 2 or -1 or 1)
34. $3^2 + 3^2 + 3^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2^6 or 4^6 or **3^3** or 2^9)
35. The lateral area of the cuboid whose length is 6 cm. and width is 4 cm. and its height is 5 cm. equals $\dots\dots\dots$ **150**
36. A circle of diameter length ⁷14 cm. , then its area = **154** $\dots\dots\dots$ cm² ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
37. If $a = 3$, $b = -2$, then $3ab = \dots\dots\dots$ **-18**
38. $-9^3 \dots\dots\dots (-3)^2$ (**$<$** or $=$ or $>$ or \geq)

39. The L.S.A. of the cuboid whose dimensions are 3 cm. , 4 cm. and 0.6 dm. ^{bcm}
is (72 cm² or 8.4 dm² or 84 dm² or **84 cm²**)
40. Half the T.S.A. of a cube whose sum of its edge lengths is 36 cm.
is cm² (108 or 27 or **54** or 18)
41. The ratio between the T.S.A. and L.S.A. of the cube is **3:2**
42. $(-1)^{12} + (-1)^{13} = \dots\dots\dots$ (**0** or 1 or 2 or -1)
43. $5 \times 5^2 = \dots\dots\dots$ (25² or 25³ or 5² or **5³**)
44. A circle , its circumference is 44 cm. , then the length of its radius
= cm. ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$) (22 or 11 or **7** or 14)
45. A cube of edge length 6 cm. , then its lateral area = cm²
(216 or 180 or **144** or 108)
46. The lateral area of the cube = Area of one face \times
(2 or **4** or 6 or height)
47. $\frac{(-5)^3 \times (-5)^2}{(-5)^4} = -5$
48. $(-1)^2 \times 2^3 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2⁵ or **8** or -8 or -2⁵)
49. The lateral area of a cube whose side length is 3 cm. = cm²
(27 or 48 or **36** or 54)
50. $2^6 \times 2^4 = \dots\dots\dots$ (2² or 2¹² or **2¹⁰** or 2²⁴)
51. $3^7 + 3^7 = \dots\dots\dots$ **1**
52. A circle , its diameter length is ⁷14 cm. , then its area = **154** cm² ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
53. A cuboid whose length is 9 cm. , width is 7 cm. and its height is 10 cm. ,
then its lateral area = **320** cm²
54. If the radius length of a circle is 10 cm. , then its surface area = cm²
(Given that : $\pi = 3.14$) (3.14 or 31.4 or **314** or 3140)
55. If the edge length of a cube is 6 cm. , then its total area = cm²
(24 or 36 or 144 or **216**)
56. $(3)^7 + (3)^4 = \dots\dots\dots$ (**(3)³** or (3)⁵ or (3)¹¹ or (3)²)
57. If the area of one face of a cube equal 9 cm² , then its total area = **54** cm²

58. The perimeter of one face of a cube is 12 cm. , then its total area = $\dots 54 \dots$ cm²
59. $(-5)^2 \times (2)^2 = \dots$ (10^0 or 10 or 10^2 or 10^3)
60. $27 \div (-3)^2 = \dots$ (-9 or 24 or 3 or 81)
61. $(-6)^2 \dots - 12$ ($>$ or = or $<$ or \leq)
62. A circle , its diameter length is 20 cm. , then its area = \dots cm². ($\pi = 3.14$)
(31.4 or 314 or 23.14 or 43.14)
63. $2 - (-3)^0 = \dots$ (5 or 3 or 1 or 2)
64. The sum of edge lengths of a cube is 24 cm. , then T.S.A. = \dots cm²
(16 or 36 or 4 or 24)
65. The additive inverse of $(-3)^2$ is \dots (9 or 3 or -3 or -9)
66. If the total area of the cube = 54 cm² , then the area of one face = \dots cm²
(4 or 5 or 8 or 9)
67. The total area of the cube = Area of one face \times \dots
(2 or 4 or 6 or 8)
68. $2^5 \times 2^2 = \dots$ (2^7 or 2^4 or 2^3 or 1)
69. A circle , its radius length is 4 cm. , then its area = \dots π cm²
(4 or 8 or 12 or 16)
70. $(-1)^8 + (-1)^9 + (-1)^{\text{zero}} = \dots$ (zero or -1 or 1 or 2)
71. The height of a cuboid whose lateral area is 160 cm² and dimensions of its base are 7 cm. and 3 cm. = $\dots 8 \dots$ cm.
72. The lateral area of a cuboid of length 3 cm. , width 2 cm. and height 4 cm. = \dots cm²
(20 or 24 or 40 or 52)
73. A cube of edge length 6 cm. , then its total area = \dots cm²
(36 or 72 or 144 or 216)
74. The perimeter of the base of the cuboid is 10 cm. , its height is 4 cm. , then its lateral area = $\dots 40 \dots$ cm²
75. The total surface area of a cuboid = 100 cm² and area of one base 20 cm² , then its lateral surface area = \dots cm². (40 or 60 or 80 or 140)
76. The lateral area of a cuboid of length 3 cm. , width 2 cm. and height 4 cm. = $\dots 40 \dots$ cm²